XXIth European days of State Territorial Representatives

Nuclear Energy and Safety

Cathy Berx Governor of the province of Antwerp (Belgium) 12th of June 2014

Nuclear Energy and Safety

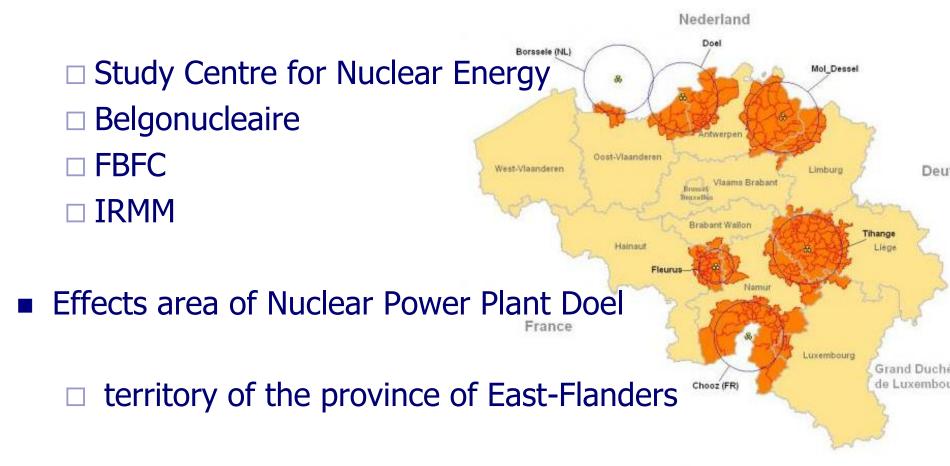
Development and implementation of **emergency plans**:

Experiences and expertise
of the province of Antwerp
regarding the Nuclear
Power Plant (NPP) of Doel.



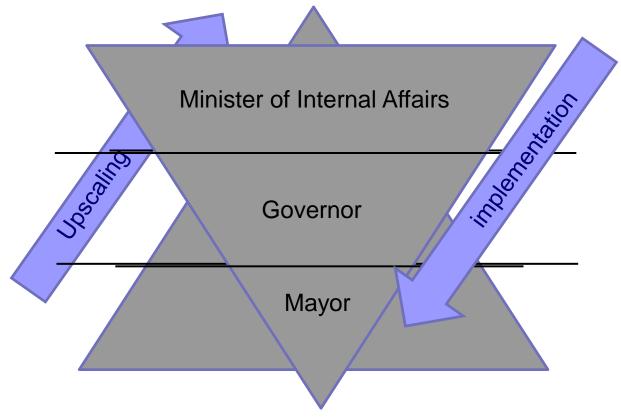
Nuclear risks Province of Antwerp

Nuclear installations region Mol-Dessel



Emergency management

- Traditional emergencies
- Nuclear emergencies



Authorities and their competences

Minister of Internal Affairs

- Evaluation of the radiological situation
- Decision-making about protective measures that need to be taken
- □ National Nuclear Emergency Plan (KB 17/10/2003)

Governor + mayor(s) concerned

- Execution of the decided protective measures
- Coordination of the effective response operations in the field
- Special Emergency and Intervention Plan

Special Emergency and Intervention Plan (BNIP) - Nuclear power plant Doel

- New version of the Special Emergency and Intervention Plan (BNIP) approved by the Minister of Internal Affairs (4th of April 2014)
- Full allignment with the BNIP of the province of East-Flanders
 > future: 1 combined BNIP

Most important changes:

- □ New division of the intervention zone shared on all levels → "Common Operational Picture";
- Adjustment of the warning procedure > warning exercises in November 2014;
- Insertion of new guidelines concerning the protection of personnel engaged in an intervention;
- □ Integration with the safety website OSR as well as with the cartography.

Emergency planning zone NPP Doel

Port Area Antwerp (city of Antwerp + Zwijndrecht)

- □ 35 Seveso companies (30 high treshold, 5 low treshold)
- Largest petrochemical cluster in Europe
- □ ± 65.000 direct employees (+ indirect employees like lorry drivers... total of ± 150.000)
- □ Modes of transport: shipping, railroads, highways, pipelines

Residential areas: Impact upon 15 municipalities : 600.000 residents Collectivities: hospitals, schools, rest homes, prison,...

MEASURES	DISTANCE
Sheltering	10 km
Evacuation	10 km
Stable iodine administration	20 km

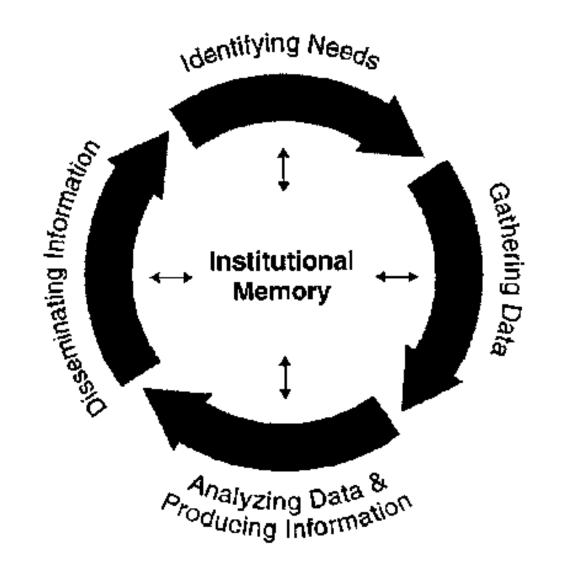
Communication, warning procedures and alarming neighbouring municipalities (or countries) across the border in case of an incident

- Contacts between Belgium and the Netherlands on national level, but not on the level of the Provincial Special Emergency and Intervention Plan
- Exchange of emergency plans, integrated in the warning procedures
- Representative present at Provincial Coordination Committee → Protocol on Crossborder Cooperation
- Extensive exercise in 2009: the fine-tuning of the agreements: testing of the warning procedures

Exercise NPP Doel 2013: items for improvement

- Information flow as well as internal communication between federal (national) and local level
 - → integration of information management into crisis management
- Communication towards population
- Feasability and practicability of taken measures, mainly with regards to evacuation
 - → procedure 'large-scale evacuation'

Information Management



Large-scale evacuation: focal points

- Alarming/warning (communication + info)
- Mobility (transport + controlling traffic)
- Decontamination
- Organising accomodation, care, support
- Postcare (return of the population)

Conclusion

- Development and implementation of a nuclear emergency plan in an industrialised and urbanised area is difficult. However, through strong and open collaboration, we try to anticipate in the best possible way.
- In the future, we will further enhance and improve the cross-border and international collaboration on all levels of nuclear emergency planning.
- Being well prepared means practicing practicing practicing!